

Biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid production method

Abstract

The invention discloses a biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid production method, which is prepared from biochemical nucleic fulvic acid as the principal raw material through preparation.

CN1565474A
China

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Other languages: Chinese
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Worldwide applications
2003 CN

Application CN 03149208 events ②
2003-06-16 Application filed by 陈伟, 高奎彬, 陈文乾
2003-06-16 Priority to CN 03149208
2005-01-19 Publication of CN1565474A

Status Pending

External links: Espacenet, Global Dossier, Discuss

Info: Cited by (2), Legal events, Similar documents, Priority and

Related Applications

Claims (4) Hide Dependent ^

1, a kind of preparation method of biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid, it is characterized in that the tablet vinegar of 10-45 weight portion, the table sugar of 5-25 weight portion are put in the biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor of 100 weight portions, produce through stirring → accent pH value → sterilization process and form. When producing biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor, adopt the steamed operation of adjuvant wood flour.

- 2, the accent pH value operation used as the preparation method of claim 1 described biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid is characterized in that pH value is transferred to 3-5.5, and pH value is for a short time with mixed liquor, and pH value is tablet vinegar greatly;
- 3, it is characterized in that with packaging container sealing behind vinegar, the sugared mixed liquor accent pH value, and use decocting in water, temperature to be controlled at 60-100 °C that the time was controlled at 15-60 minute as the used sterilization process of preparation method of claim 1 described biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid:
- 4, as the steamed operation of the used adjuvant wood flour of the preparation method of claim 1 described biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid, it is characterized in that water is steamed or boil the adjuvant wood flour, digestion time was controlled at 20-60 minute after water was opened round gas.

Description

A kind of preparation method of biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid

The invention belongs to medical manufacturing technology field. Be raw material specifically, produce the method that forms through batching \rightarrow stirring \rightarrow accent pH value \rightarrow sterilization process with biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor, tablet vinegar, table sugar.

Sodium humate shows at the report of medically using in succession, has antiviral, antibiotic, antiinflammatory, anticancer, anti-ly fastens, hemostasis, pain relieving, heavy metal detoxification, raising immunologic function. Can treat rheumatism, rheumatoid, scapulohumeral periarthritis, burn and scald, surgical infection, hemorrhoid hemorrhage through the clinical practice surgery; Department of dermatologry can be treated eczema, verruca plana, foot gas; Ophthalmology can be treated corneal ulcer, keratitis; The department of stomatology can be treated ulcer, herpetic stomatitis, exodontia hemostasis, aphtha; Senile vaginitis, cervicitis, leukoplakia vulvae can be treated by gynecological; Digestive tract disease can be treated gastric and duodenal ulcers, gastrorrhagia, chronic enteritis, colitis, infantile diarrhea, infantile malnutrition; Tumor can be treated esophageal carcinoma, thyroid carcinoma, hepatocarcinoma, pulmonary carcinoma, renal carcinoma, colon cancer, and the pain relieving of above carninomatosis later stage is had remarkable effect; Internal medicine can be treated chronic bronchitis, pneumonia, pulmonary tuberculosis, pulmonary heart disease, anthraco-silicosis, bacillary dysentery, viral hepatitis, hypertension; Hemorrhage can be treated essential thrombocytopenia, hemorrhagic fever etc.

The sodium fulvate that utilizes biochemical process to produce is littler than sodium humate molecular weight, and is soluble in water, contains multiple functional group, and physiological and pharmacological is active high, and it is better to be used for clinical effectiveness.

Nucleic acid is the main matter basis of heredity, also is cell growth, differentiation, growth, the requisite material of protein synthesis

Nucleic acid is the nutrient substance of human primary need. The theory short of money of the big flat Gui of Japan medical science doctor: "modern nutriology so-called three big nutrient saccharides, protein, fat are not real nutrient; really influencing the heterogamous material of cell should be nucleic acid; so with regard to human; the ordering first-selection of nutrition should be a nucleic acid, be saccharide, protein, fat secondly.

Nucleic acid can be prevented and treated multiple disease, and blood glucose is reduced, and heart disease, pneumonopathy illness are had good effect, but cholesterol reducing, improves arteriosclerosis, prevents cell ageing, makes the long-lived beauty treatment of people.

At present, China except that the production of biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor is arranged, the nucleic acid that also has producer from plant such as Semen sojae atricolor, to extract, because plant amplifying nucleic acid content is low, the extraction process complexity, the nucleic acid content after the extraction is low, so listing back fetch long price allows a lot of prestiges and steps back.

Produce with fermentation method the success of sodium fulvate patent of invention solution low, the easy fouling of biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquid concentration, can not be medical shortcoming, produced the sodium fulvate solution that composition is single, concentration is high, can be medical. But in process of production active ingredients such as nucleic acid, aminoacid have been removed, made in clinical medicine is used deleterious and mouthfeel bad, a kind of abnormal flavour beastly has been arranged, be difficult to when oral swallow.

Purpose of the present invention just provides a kind of preparation method, biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor is not fouled, there is not abnormal flavour, the energy long term storage, make biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor become a kind of everybody like to drink, suit the taste of both old and young, cheap oral liquid, can orally cure the disease, can take body-building life-prolonging oral liquid for a long time again.

Production principle of the present invention is to utilize the death of microorganism high temperature, and the part microorganism is difficult for the way of breeding theory and steamed adjuvant wood flour under acid condition, solve the problem that mixed liquor easily fouls and abnormal flavour is arranged.

The primary raw material of producing oral liquid proposed by the invention is biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor. The first, this mixed liquor has abnormal flavour, is difficult for when oral swallowing, and this abnormal flavour main source is that the adjuvant wood flour brings. Therefore, take the way that the adjuvant wood flour is steamed for addressing this problem, in the steamed process, the multiple Organic substance that contains in the wood flour, what have is dissolved in the water, the decomposition that has, the evaporation that has. The second, this mixed liquor contains nucleic acid, aminoacid, is the best nutrition of microbial reproduction, therefore after sterilization, reduce the pH value of oral liquid, make to reach about 3-5.5, make the microorganism that remains in oral liquid under the environment of meta-acid, be difficult for breeding, can reach long term storage stay-in-grade purpose.

Produce the used raw material of biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid proposed by the invention and comprise biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor, tablet vinegar, table sugar.

Wherein proportioning raw materials is:

Biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor 100 weight portions

Tablet vinegar 10-45 weight portion

Table sugar 5-25 weight portion

Biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid reparation technology operating procedure of the present invention is as follows:

The first, steamed adjuvant: water is steamed or boil wood flour, and behind the boiled round gas of water steaming and decocting 20-60 minute, and prepare burden while hot;

The second, produce nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquor: carry out supplementary material batching \rightarrow fermentation \rightarrow lixiviate according to producing the sodium fulvate production method, produce out mixed liquor;

Three, batching stirs, transfers pH value: by proportioning of the present invention, tablet vinegar, sugared order are added in the mixed liquor, transfer pH value after fully stirring dissolving fully, remain on 3-5.5, pH value is for a short time with mixed liquor, and pH value is tablet vinegar greatly, and pH value mixes up sealing in the packaging container of back;

Four, sterilization: the container of good seal is carried out decocting in water, and water temperature remains on 60-100 °C, and the time remained on 15-60 minute; After stopping heating, reduce to room temperature naturally.

The biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid that utilizes said method to produce, color is pitchy, and tart flavour is arranged, and sweet mouthfeel is as good as sense of taste, after testing, leading indicator: nucleic acid > =1.0%, fulvic acid > =5%, aminoacid > =0.5%. Be used for medicine, orally treat multiple disease, the normal phase that is used to keep healthy takes, preventable disease, and the long-lived beauty treatment of being healthy and strong, and without any side effects. Also can with the other drug hybrid combination, can play stabilizing agent, synergist or the slow releasing agent effect of other drug efficacy component, the health product that are the extraordinary pharmaceuticals of a kind of effect, match in excellence or beauty with ZHENAO HESUAN, be a kind of everybody like to drink, suit the taste of both old and young, the oral liquid of sweet and sour taste.

Because raw material is extensive, technology is simple, thus with low cost, be easy to vast low-income groups and accept. Particularly take for a long time, can improve immunity, can have opposing and inhibitory action, will play huge effect preventing and treating the SARS AIDS to multiple viruses such as herpes simplex virus, cytomegalovirus, epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis virus, HIV (human immunodeficiency virus).

Embodiment one

100 kilograms of biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquors

10 kilograms of tablet vinegar

10 kilograms of table sugar

The reparation technology step is as follows:

The first, the water wood flour of steaming in clear soup, the boiled gas circle of water back steaming and decocting 30 minutes, and prepare burden while hot;

 $The second, carry out supplementary material batching \rightarrow fermentation \rightarrow lixiviate by the sodium fulvate production method, produce out mixed liquor; and the sodium fulvate production method, produce out mixed liquor; and the sodium fulvate production method, produce out mixed liquor; and the sodium fulvate production method, produce out mixed liquor; and the sodium fulvate production method, produce out mixed liquor; and the sodium fulvate production method, produce out mixed liquor; and the sodium fulvate production method, produce out mixed liquor; and the sodium full method is a solid method of the sodium full method is a solid method. The solid method is a solid method is a solid method of the sodium full method is a solid method in the sodium full method is a solid method in the sodium full method is a solid method in the solid method in the solid method is a solid method in the solid method in the solid method in the solid method is a solid method in the solid method in the solid method is a solid method in the so$

The 3rd, 10 kilograms of tablet vinegar, 10 kilograms of table sugar are put in 100 kilograms of mixed liquors, fully transferring pH value after the stirring and dissolving is 5.5. the bottling sealing:

The 4th, the bottle of good seal is carried out decocting in water, water temperature remains on 100 °C, 15 minutes time, after stopping to heat, is cooled to room temperature naturally.

Embodiment two

100 kilograms of biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquors

30 kilograms of tablet vinegar

25 kilograms of table sugar

Embodiment three

100 kilograms of biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid mixed liquors

45 kilograms of tablet vinegar

15 kilograms of table sugar

The technological operation step of embodiment two, three is with embodiment one.

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| Family To Family Citations | | | | |

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Priority And Related Applications

Priority Applications (1)

| Application | Priority date | Filing date | Title |
|-------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| CN 03149208 | 2003-06-16 | 2003-06-16 | Biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid production method |

Applications Claiming Priority (1)

| Application | Filing date | Title |
|-------------|-------------|--|
| CN 03149208 | 2003-06-16 | Biochemical nucleic acid fulvic acid oral liquid production method |

Legal Events

| Date | Code | Title | Description |
|------------|------|---|-------------|
| 2005-01-19 | C06 | Publication | |
| 2005-01-19 | PB01 | Publication | |
| 2007-02-28 | C02 | Deemed withdrawal of patent application after publication (patent law 2001) | |
| 2007-02-28 | WD01 | Invention patent application deemed withdrawn after publication | |

Concepts

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| Name | Image | Sections | Count | Query match |
|---|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------------|
| ■ nucleic acids | | title,claims,abstract,description | 35 | 0.000 |
| ■ nucleic acids | | title,claims,abstract,description | 35 | 0.000 |
| ■ 3,7,8-trihydroxy-3-methyl-10-oxo-1,4-dihydropyrano[4,3-b]chromene-9-carboxylic acid | | title,claims,abstract,description | 26 | 0.000 |
| ■ fulvic acid | | title,claims,abstract,description | 26 | 0.000 |
| ■ fulvic acid | | title,claims,abstract,description | 26 | 0.000 |
| ■ liquid | | title,claims,abstract,description | 17 | 0.000 |
| manufacturing process | | title,abstract,description | 8 | 0.000 |
| preparation method | | claims,abstract,description | 7 | 0.000 |
| ■ vinegar | | claims,description | 12 | 0.000 |
| ■ water | | claims,description | 12 | 0.000 |
| ● flour | | claims,description | 9 | 0.000 |
| ■ D-sucrose | | claims,description | 8 | 0.000 |
| ■ dietary sucrose | | claims,description | 8 | 0.000 |
| ■ wood | | claims,description | 8 | 0.000 |
| ■ adjuvant | | claims,description | 7 | 0.000 |
| ■ adjuvant | | claims,description | 7 | 0.000 |
| ■ method | | claims,description | 5 | 0.000 |
| ■ sterilising | | claims,description | 5 | 0.000 |
| sterilization and disinfection | | claims,description | 5 | 0.000 |
| ■ stirring | | claims,description | 4 | 0.000 |
| ■ sealing | | claims,description | 3 | 0.000 |
| packaging method and process | | claims,description | 2 | 0.000 |
| ■ digestion | | claims | 1 | 0.000 |
| ■ raw material | | abstract,description | 6 | 0.000 |
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